

TINKA RESOURCES LIMITED

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

This discussion and analysis of financial position and results of operation is prepared as at August 27, 2026 and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the accompanying notes for the nine months ended June 30, 2026 of Tinka Resources Limited (the "Company" or "Tinka"). The following disclosure and associated financial statements are presented in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS"). Except as otherwise disclosed, all dollar figures included therein and in the following management discussion and analysis ("MD&A") are quoted in Canadian dollars.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain information in this MD&A may constitute forward-looking statements or forward-looking information within the meaning of applicable securities laws (collectively, "Forward-Looking Statements"). All statements, other than statements of historical fact that address activities, events or developments that the Company believes, expects or anticipates will or may occur in the future are Forward-Looking Statements. Forward-Looking Statements are often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "seek," "anticipate," "believe," "plan," "estimate," "expect," and "intend" and statements that an event or result "may," "will," "can," "should," "could," or "might" occur or be achieved and other similar expressions. Forward-Looking Statements are based upon the opinions and expectations of the Company based on information currently available to the Company. Forward-Looking Statements are subject to a number of factors, risks and uncertainties that may cause the actual results of the Company to differ materially from those discussed in the Forward-Looking Statements including, among other things, the Company has yet to generate a profit from its activities; there can be no guarantee that the estimates of quantities or qualities of minerals disclosed in Tinka's public record will be economically recoverable; uncertainties relating to the availability and costs of financing needed in the future; successful completion of planned drill program; competition with other companies within the mining industry; the success of the Company is largely dependent upon the performance of its directors and officers and Tinka's ability to attract and train key personnel; changes in world metal markets and equity markets beyond Tinka's control; mineral reserves are, in the large part, estimates and no assurance can be given that the anticipated tonnages and grades will be achieved or that the indicated level of recovery will be realized; production rates and capital and other costs may vary significantly from estimates; unexpected geological conditions; the political environment in which the Company operates continuing to support the development and operation of mining projects; risks related to negative publicity with respect to the Company or the mining industry in general; the threat associated with outbreaks of viruses and infectious diseases; delays in obtaining or failure to obtain necessary permits and approvals from government authorities; community relations; timing and successful completion of the PEA, the preliminary nature of a preliminary economic assessment and the Company's ability to realize the results of any assessment; all phases of a mining business present environmental and safety risks and hazards and are subject to environmental and safety regulation, and rehabilitation and restitution costs; and management of Tinka have experience in mineral exploration but may lack all or some of the necessary technical training and experience to successfully develop and operate a mine. Although Tinka believes that the expectations reflected in the Forward-Looking Statements, and the assumptions on which such Forward-Looking Statements are made, are reasonable, there can be no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on Forward-Looking Statements, as there can be no assurance that the plans, intentions or expectations upon which the Forward-Looking Statements are based will occur. Forward-Looking Statements herein are made as at the date hereof, and unless otherwise required by law, Tinka does not intend, or assume any obligation, to update these Forward-Looking Statements.

This MD&A makes reference to certain non-IFRS measures. These measures are not recognized measures under IFRS, do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and are therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. Rather, these measures are provided as additional information to complement those IFRS measures by providing further understanding of our results of operations from management's perspective. Accordingly, they should not be considered in isolation nor as a substitute for analysis of our financial information reported under IFRS. We use non-IFRS measures to provide investors with supplemental measures of our operating performance and thus highlight trends in our core business that may not otherwise be apparent when relying solely on

IFRS financial measures. We also believe that securities analysts, investors and other interested parties frequently use non-IFRS measures in the evaluation of issuers.

All of the Company's public disclosure filings, including its most recent management information circular, material change reports, press releases and other information, may be accessed via www.sedarplus.ca or the Company's website www.tinkaresources.com and readers are urged to review these materials, including the technical reports filed with respect to the Company's mineral properties.

Company Overview

Tinka is a junior mineral exploration company focussed on the acquisition and exploration of base and precious metal mineral properties with the aim of developing these properties to a stage where they can be exploited at a profit or arranged for joint venture whereby other companies can provide funding for development.

The Company's flagship property is the 100%-owned Ayawilca polymetallic zinc-silver-tin project ("Ayawilca" or the "Project") in the Pasco region of central Peru. The Company is also exploring the Silvia property 30km from Ayawilca for copper-gold porphyry and skarn mineralization. Ayawilca has three polymetallic mineral resources estimated from over 100,000 metres of drilling: the Ayawilca "Zinc Zone", "Tin Zone", and "Silver Zone". In addition, the "Colquipucro" deposit comprises of a silver-only mineral resource located 2 km from Ayawilca. Tables 1 to 4 below, summarise the current Mineral Resource Estimation ("MRE") for each of these deposits.

In February 2024, the Company provided an updated Preliminary Economic Assessment ("PEA") for the Ayawilca Project (Colquipucro was excluded from the economic analysis). A summary of the PEA is provided in the section below. A technical report in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 *Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects* ("NI 43-101") with an effective date of February 28, 2024 was prepared by independent consulting firm SRK Consulting (UK) ("SRK") with other independent consultants, and can be downloaded [here](#).

On September 8, 2025, the Company announced a corporate reorganization and concurrent non-brokered private placement financing. On October 1, 2025 the Company completed a share consolidation of one new Tinka share for five old Tinka shares. On October 3, 2025 the Company completed a private placement and issued 51,918,181 units at a price of \$0.275 per unit for gross proceeds of \$14,277,500. Each unit comprised one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant, with each warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.40 on or before October 3, 2028. Messrs. Brandon Macdonald and Michael Horner joined the board of the Company as part of the corporate reorganization.

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company has not earned any production revenue, nor found any proven reserves on any of its properties. The Company trades on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSXV") as a Tier 1 issuer, under the symbol "TK", on the OTCQX under the symbol "TKRFF", and on the Frankfurt Exchange under the symbol "TLD".

Directors and Officers

The Company has recently announced changes to its Board of Directors and Executive officers. Mr. DeMare chose not to seek re-election as a director of the Company at the Company's AGM held on June 10, 2026. Mr. DeMare remains Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") of the Company.

On July 9, 2026, the Company announced the appointment of Mr. Alejandro Hermoza as a non-executive director. Mr. Hermoza replaced Mr. Raul Benavides as board nominee for Compañía de Minas Buenaventura ("Buenaventura"), one of Tinka's largest shareholders. Mr. Hermoza brings more than 20 years of leadership experience in sustainability, environmental and social affairs, community relations, and corporate governance. He served as Vice President of Sustainability at Buenaventura from 2011 until May 2026.

On July 29, 2026, the Company announced the appointment of Mr. Ignacio Ishizawa as Vice President - Environment, Social & Community Affairs ("ESG"). Mr. Ishizawa is a senior executive with more than 25 years of leadership experience across Peru's mining, energy and international development sectors. He held senior leadership roles with Compañía Minera Antamina, MMG's Las Bambas mine, Rio Tinto's La Granja project, Mitsubishi Corporation, Graña y Montero Petrolera, and the Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA). Most recently he served as Senior Corporate Affairs Manager for Mitsubishi's mining investments in Peru and Chile.

As at the date of this MD&A, the Company's Directors and Officers are as follows:

Brandon MacDonald	- Director, Executive Chairman
Dr. Graham Carman	- Director, President and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO")
Dr. Ben McKeown	- Director
Michael Horner	- Director
Mary Little	- Director
Alejandro Hermoza	- Director
Jones Belther	- Director
Nick DeMare	- CFO
Ignacio Ishizawa	- Vice President ESG
Wilma Lee	- Corporate Secretary

Exploration Projects, Peru

Mining Concessions

As at the date of this MD&A, Tinka holds 65 granted mining concessions in central Peru covering 21,603 hectares (ha) held by two 100%-owned Peruvian subsidiary companies:

- (i) Tinka Resources S.A.C. holds 49 granted mining concessions covering 10,697 ha at the Ayawilca Project.
- (ii) Darwin Peru S.A.C. holds 16 granted mining concessions covering 10,906 ha at the Silvia project.

Ayawilca Project

The Ayawilca Project comprises 10,697 ha of mining concessions in the Pasco region of central Peru, 40 km from the Cerro de Pasco mining complex. Ayawilca is the Company's flagship project containing significant quantities of zinc, silver and lead in sulphide mineral resources and a separate tin resource, the subject of the 2024 PEA. The Project also hosts a silver-only near-surface deposit at Colquipucro just 2 km from Ayawilca.

The Company is continuing its reassessment of the economic potential of the Colquipucro silver deposit, which was last drilled in 2015. The May 2016 Colquipucro MRE was re-reported in the 2024 Ayawilca PEA, but not included in the economic analysis of the PEA. Mineralization at Colquipucro is contained within several high-grade lenses surrounded by a low-grade halo (Table 4). The deposit comes close to surface and is potentially amenable to open pit mining. Indicated Mineral Resources (2016) were 7.4 million tonnes grading 60 g/t Ag for 14.3 Moz of contained silver, while Inferred Mineral Resources were 8.5 million tonnes grading 48 g/t silver for 13.2 Moz of contained silver. Mineral Resources were estimated to be contained within a preliminary Whittle pit shell. The silver price for the MRE was US \$24 /oz Ag (compared to a current spot of around US \$65 /oz Ag).

Colquipucro is undergoing a detailed internal re-evaluation including consideration for inclusion in future resource updates and economic studies. This ongoing work includes reinterpretation of geological controls for the mineralization, and metallurgical test work.

At Ayawilca, the Company is continuing community engagement initiatives with local stakeholders under the supervision of our recently appointed Vice President ESG, Mr. Ignacio Ishizawa. The Company is also advancing a detailed prioritization of drill targets for the upcoming ~5,000 metre drill program at Ayawilca, which will focus on high grade areas of silver and zinc including resource conversion and extension.

Highlights of the Ayawilca 2024 PEA include:

- A 21-year life-of-mine conceptual underground mining operation of zinc-silver-lead sulphides at a rate of 2.0 million tonnes per annum (Mtpa), and 15 years of tin production at 0.3 Mtpa.
- Three mineral concentrates to be produced (zinc, silver-lead, and tin as cassiterite).
- An after-tax Net Present Value ("NPV") at 8% discount of US \$434 million (pre-tax NPV_{8%} US \$732 million) and after-tax Internal Rate of Return ("IRR") of 25.9% (pre-tax IRR of 34.8%).
- Payback period after-tax of 2.9 years (pre-tax payback of 2.4 years).
- Metal prices for the 2024 PEA were US \$1.30/lb Zn, US \$11.00/lb tin, US \$22/oz Ag, and US \$1.00/lb Pb.
- Mineral concentrates were assumed to be trucked to a Peruvian zinc refinery, or to a local port for shipment

to Asia, with average annual metal production in concentrate of 200 Mlb zinc (90Kt Zn), 3.3 Mlb tin (1.5Kt Sn), 560,000 ounces of silver and 5.7 Mlb lead (2.6Kt Pb).

- The PEA mine components have a compact footprint, while tailings technology would utilise filtered ‘dry stack’ tailings with 40% of tailings to be stored underground as paste fill.

Note: The Ayawilca PEA is preliminary in nature and includes Inferred Mineral Resources that are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as Mineral Reserves, and there is no certainty that the results of the PEA will be realized. Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability.

SLR Consulting (Canada) Ltd (“SLR”) prepared the Mineral Resource estimate for the Ayawilca deposits. Specific subject matter expertise in the technical report was provided by Transmin Metallurgical consultants (“Transmin”), Envis Peru S.A.C. (“Envis”) and MineFill Services (“MineFill”).

Silvia Project

The Silvia project comprises 10,906 ha located in the Huanuco region of the central Peruvian Andes, 30 km west of the Ayawilca Project. The project is located 100 km south of the Antamina copper-zinc mine. The Silvia properties were acquired 100% by Tinka from BHP in 2021 for a 1% NSR royalty and a one-time cash payment.

A ground magnetotellurics (“MT”) geophysical survey at the Silvia NW target was completed in June 2026, covering an area of ~4 km². The survey comprised 65 MT stations on approximately 250-metre spacings. The MT survey identified two low-resistivity (conductive) anomalies considered prospective for copper-gold skarn and/or porphyry mineralization. This interpretation remains conceptual and will require drill testing. The main low-resistivity (conductive) anomaly is located beneath “Area B”, extending from approximately 500 m to over 1,000 m depth. A second conductivity anomaly was identified approximately 1 km further to the north. Neither anomaly has been tested by drilling. The results will be incorporated into planning for the next phase of exploration with follow-up drilling at Silvia NW being evaluated for early 2027.

During the previous quarter, the Company announced results of four drill holes totalling 1,400 metres at Silvia NW, “Area A”. The highlights of the drilling included:

- Hole S25-001: 15.1 metres @ 0.17% copper and 0.26 g/t gold from 18.5 metres depth, incl. 4.1 metres @ 0.54% copper and 0.86 g/t gold.
- Hole S25-002: 38.2 metres @ 0.17% copper and 0.06 g/t gold from 15.9 metres depth, incl. 2.5 metres @ 0.93% copper and 0.43 g/t gold.
- Hole S25-004: 23.2 metres @ 0.20% copper and 0.05 g/t gold from 231.8 metres depth, incl. 4.2 metres @ 0.37% copper and 0.11 g/t gold.

Exploration Project, Saudi Arabia

Huwaymidan Property

Tinka Saudi Resources Corp., a 100%-owned subsidiary of the Company, owns a 5% stake in the Huwaymidan gold property covering 3,400 hectares in central Saudi Arabia. The interest was acquired by competitive tender in Round 6 exploration licence auction held by the Ministry of Industry and Mineral Resources of Saudi Arabia in November 2024, and was transferred to a Saudi-based company, Midad Al Mona Mining Company (“Midad”) in July 2025. Midad will be fully funded and capitalized by our Saudi partner for the first two years. Tinka is responsible for providing technical expertise and exploration leadership, and in overseeing the field programs to be largely undertaken by third-party consultants and local personnel.

Huwaymidan is an early-stage gold exploration property in the central Arabian Shield 300 km east of Jeddah. Systematic geological mapping and sampling was conducted in September and October 2025, with more than 500 rock samples assayed for gold and pathfinder elements. Several early-stage gold targets have been identified with this surface sampling. Results highlighted a 10-kilometre gold trend, with float samples grading up to 30 g/t gold in selective samples. A scout RC drilling program consisting of 3,400 metres in 46 holes was carried out in December 2025, with shallow RC holes drilled to 50 metres depth on wide-spaced drill lines focussed on two areas covering a potential strike length of 3 km. A second scout drilling program was initiated in May 2026 for a further 4,000 metres

of shallow RC drilling targeting an additional 3 km. The objective of the drilling is to identify zones of oxidised gold mineralization beneath shallow sand cover. Results for this drilling are pending.

Mineral Resource Estimation - Ayawilca Project

The Ayawilca Project MRE for the Zinc Zone, Silver Zone, Tin Zone and Colquipucro are summarized in Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, and Table 4 respectively, as estimated by SLR Consulting (Canada) Ltd (“SLR”). For the purposes of demonstrating ‘Reasonable Prospects for Eventual Economic Extraction’ (“RPEEE”), Mineral Resources for the sulphide deposits (Tables 1 to 3) are constrained within underground reporting shapes generated in Deswik Stope Optimizer (“DSO”) using a minimum mining width of three metres and an NSR cut-off value of \$ 50/t for the Zinc and Silver Zones and \$ 60/t for the Tin Zone. The Mineral Resource for the Colquipucro silver deposit (Table 4) was constrained by a conceptual open pit. Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (“CIM”) Definition Standards for Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves dated May 10, 2014 (“CIM (2014)”) definitions are used for classification of Mineral Resources.

The Mineral Resources estimate as at January 1, 2024, contains the following:

- Indicated Zinc Zone Mineral Resource of 28.3 Mt grading 5.82% zinc, 16.4 g/t silver, 0.2% lead & 91 g/t indium containing:
 - 3.64 billion pounds of zinc;
 - 14.9 million ounces of silver;
 - 108 million pounds of lead; and
 - 2,582 tonnes of indium.
- Inferred Zinc Zone Mineral Resource of 31.2 Mt grading 4.21% zinc, 14.5 g/t silver, 0.2% lead & 45 g/t indium containing:
 - 2.90 billion pounds of zinc;
 - 14.6 million ounces of silver;
 - 133 million pounds of lead; and
 - 1,414 tonnes of indium.
- Inferred Silver Zone Mineral Resource of 1.0 Mt grading 111.4 g/t silver, 1.54% zinc, & 0.5% lead containing:
 - 3.7 million ounces of silver;
 - 35 million pounds of zinc; and
 - 12 million pounds of lead.
- Indicated Tin Zone Mineral Resource of 1.4 million tonnes grading 0.72% tin, containing:
 - 22 million pounds of tin.
- Inferred Tin Mineral Resource of 12.7 million tonnes grading 0.76% tin, containing:
 - 213 million pounds of tin.

The Mineral Resource estimate at the Colquipucro deposit (oxide) as at May 26, 2016, contains the following:

- Indicated Mineral Resource of 7.4 million tonnes grading 60 g/t silver, containing:
 - 14.3 million ounces of silver.
- Inferred Mineral Resource of 8.5 million tonnes grading 48 g/t silver, containing:
 - 13.2 million ounces of silver.

No Mineral Reserves have been estimated at the Ayawilca Project.

It is highly recommended the reader refers to the technical report on the Ayawilca Project entitled “*NI 43-101 Technical Report on a Preliminary Economic Assessment of the Ayawilca Polymetallic Project, Peru*” with an effective date of February 28, 2024 and the detailed mineral resource estimation tables therein [here](#).

Table 1. Ayawilca Zinc Zone Mineral Resources as of January 1, 2024

Classification/ Zone	Tonnage Mt	NSR \$/t	Grade				Contained Metal			
			Zn %	Ag g/t	Pb %	In g/t	Mlb Zn	Moz Ag	Mlb Pb	t In
Indicated										
South	13.8	128	6.64	19.3	0.2	120	2,020	8.6	52	1,655
West	14.5	98	5.05	13.6	0.2	64	1,618	6.3	56	927
Total Indicated	28.3	113	5.82	16.4	0.2	91	3,638	14.9	108	2,582
Inferred										
South	4.8	79	3.81	24.2	0.2	34	406	3.8	19	163
West	3.8	89	4.61	12.1	0.1	61	384	1.5	12	229
Central	9.1	85	4.39	10.6	0.2	54	878	3.1	47	486
East	13.5	81	4.13	14.4	0.2	40	1,229	6.3	55	536
Total Inferred	31.2	83	4.21	14.5	0.2	45	2,898	14.6	133	1,414

Notes:

1. CIM (2014) definitions were followed for Mineral Resources.
2. The Mineral Resources have been reported within underground reporting shapes generated with Deswik Stope Optimizer (DSO) using a net smelter return (NSR) cut-off value of US \$50/t. For the Central area, Mineral Resources were reported only within underground reporting shapes that also had a Zn grade above 3%.
3. NSR value was based on estimated metallurgical recoveries, assumed metal prices, and smelter terms, which include payable factors, treatment charges, penalties, and refining charges. The NSR used for reporting is based on the following:
 - a. Long term metal prices of US \$1.40/lb Zn, US \$25/oz Ag, and US \$1.10/lb Pb.
 - b. Net metallurgical recoveries of 92% Zn, 45% Ag, and 70% Pb.
4. The NSR value for each block was calculated using the following NSR factors: US \$18.04 per % Zn, US \$0.33 per gram Ag, and US \$11.92 per % Pb.
5. The NSR value was calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{NSR} = \text{Zn}(\%) * \text{US } \$18.04 + \text{Ag}(\text{g/t}) * \text{US } \$0.33 + \text{Pb}(\%) * \text{US } \$11.92.$$
6. Bulk densities were assigned to blocks by interpolation and remaining blocks by regression of Fe assay data or average sample data. Averages range between 3.20 t/m³ and 3.51 t/m³.
7. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability.
8. Numbers may not add due to rounding.

Table 2. Ayawilca Silver Zone Mineral Resources as of January 1, 2024

Classification	Tonnage Mt	NSR \$/t	Grade				Contained Metal			
			Zn %	Ag g/t	Pb %	In g/t	Mlb Zn	Moz Ag	Mlb Pb	t In
Inferred	1.0	100	1.54	111.4	0.5	3	35	3.7	12	3

Notes:

1. CIM (2014) definitions were followed for Mineral Resources.
2. The Mineral Resources have been reported within underground reporting shapes generated with Deswik Stope Optimizer (DSO) using a net smelter return (NSR) cut-off value of US \$50/t.
3. NSR value was based on estimated metallurgical recoveries, assumed metal prices, and smelter terms, which include payable factors, treatment charges, penalties, and refining charges. The NSR used for reporting is based on the following:
 - a. Long term metal prices of US \$1.40/lb Zn, US \$25/oz Ag, and US \$1.10/lb Pb.
 - b. Net metallurgical recoveries of 77% Zn, 85% Ag, and 85% Pb.
4. The NSR value for each block was calculated using the following NSR factors: US \$ 15.10 per % Zn, US \$0.62 per gram Ag, and US \$14.48 per % Pb.
5. The NSR value was calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{NSR} = \text{Zn}(\%) * \text{US } \$15.10 + \text{Ag}(\text{g/t}) * \text{US } \$0.62 + \text{Pb}(\%) * \text{US } \$14.48.$$
6. Bulk densities were assigned to blocks by interpolation and remaining blocks by regression of Fe assay data or average sample data. The average bulk density is 3.18 t/m³.
7. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability.
8. Numbers may not add due to rounding.

Table 3: Ayawilca Tin Zone Mineral Resources as of January 1, 2024

Classification	Tonnage Mt	NSR \$/t	Grade Sn %	Contained Metal Mlb Sn
Indicated	1.4	99	0.72	22
Inferred	12.7	104	0.76	213

Notes:

1. CIM (2014) definitions were followed for Mineral Resources.
2. The Mineral Resources have been reported within underground reporting shapes generated with Deswik Stope Optimizer (DSO) using a net smelter return (NSR) cut-off value of US \$60/t.
3. The NSR value was based on estimated metallurgical recoveries, assumed metal prices, and smelter terms, which include payable factors, treatment charges, penalties, and refining charges. Metal price assumption is US \$12.00/lb Sn. Metal recovery assumption is 64% Sn. The NSR value for each block was calculated using the following NSR factor: US \$137.30 per % Sn.
4. The NSR value was calculated using the following formula: US \$NSR = Sn(%)*US \$137.30.
5. Bulk densities were assigned to blocks by interpolation and remaining blocks by regression of Fe assay data or average domain sample data. The average bulk density is 3.65 t/m³.
6. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability.
7. Numbers may not add due to rounding.

Table 4: Colquipucro Silver Oxide Deposit Mineral Resources – May 25, 2016

Classification	Tonnage (Mt)	Grade (g/t Ag)	Contained Metal (Moz Ag)
Indicated			
High grade lenses	2.9	112	10.4
Low grade halo	4.5	27	3.9
Total Indicated	7.4	60	14.3
Inferred			
High grade lenses	2.2	105	7.5
Low grade halo	6.2	28	5.7
Total Inferred	8.5	48	13.2

Notes:

1. CIM (2014) definitions were followed for Mineral Resources.
2. Mineral Resources are reported within a preliminary pit shell and above a cut-off grade of 15 g/t Ag for the low grade halo and 60 g/t Ag for the high grade lenses.
3. The cut-off grade is based on a price of US\$24/oz Ag.
4. Numbers may not add or multiply due to rounding.

Technical Background and Qualified Persons

Mr. Chris Bray BEng (Mining), MAusIMM (CP), Principal Consultant (Mining Engineering) with SRK Consulting (UK), was responsible for technical information related to the PEA contained in this MD&A. Ms. Katharine M. Masun, MSA, M.Sc., P.Geo., Principal Geologist with SLR Consulting (Canada) Ltd. was responsible for the Mineral Resources estimate disclosed in this MD&A. The processing, metallurgical and recovery inputs disclosed in this MD&A were reviewed and verified by Mr. Adam Johnston, FAusIMM, CP (Metallurgy) of Transmin Metallurgical Consultants, UK. The mine backfill inputs were reviewed and verified by Dr. David Stone, P.Eng. of MineFill Services, Seattle. The inputs on processing and costs for surface tailings storage disclosed in this MD&A were reviewed and verified by Mr. Donald Hickson, P.Eng., of Envis Peru S.A.C. (Envis). By virtue of education and relevant experience, each of Chris Bray, Katherine Masun, Adam Johnston, David Stone and Donald Hickson are “Qualified Persons” for the purpose of National Instrument 43-101 (“NI 43-101”) and, each of them is also independent of Tinka.

Dr. Graham Carman, CEO and a Director of Tinka, and a Qualified Person as defined in NI 43-101, reviewed and verified the technical information in this MD&A and is responsible for other technical information in this MD&A (i.e., information not directly related to the Ayawilca PEA).

Selected Financial Data

The following selected financial information is derived from the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company.

	Fiscal 2026			Fiscal 2025				Fiscal 2024
	Jun. 30 2026 \$	Mar. 31 2026 \$	Dec. 31 2025 \$	Sept. 30 2025 \$	Jun. 30 2025 \$	Mar. 31 2025 \$	Dec. 31 2024 \$	Sept. 30 2024 \$
Operations:								
Revenues	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Expenses	(688,819)	(832,149)	(756,386)	(326,471)	(225,453)	(425,983)	(335,289)	(279,291)
Other items	85,823	73,432	66,756	146,471	(63,589)	11,867	148,875	20,783
Net loss	(602,996)	(758,717)	(689,630)	(180,000)	(289,042)	(414,116)	(186,414)	(258,508)
Basic and diluted - loss per share	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.00)
Dividends per share	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Balance Sheet:								
Working capital	9,503,121	10,867,777	12,372,378	5,710,159	1,173,005	1,646,227	2,806,934	1,779,641
Total assets	88,766,276	89,136,510	89,587,197	81,871,912	75,697,922	76,027,082	76,451,974	75,027,864
Total long-term liabilities	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Results of Operations

As at the date of this MD&A, the Company has not earned any production revenue, nor found proved reserves on any of its unproven mineral interests; therefore, the expenses are not subject to seasonal fluctuations or general trends. The Company's expenses and cash requirements will fluctuate from period to period depending on the level of activity and, therefore, lack some degree of comparability. The Company's quarterly results may be affected by many factors such as timing of exploration activity, share-based payment costs, marketing activities and other factors that affect Company's exploration and financing activities. Furthermore, the Company's net loss/income may also be affected by interest rates received on cash and foreign exchange fluctuations.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2026 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2025

During the three months ended June 30, 2026 ("Q3/2026") the Company reported a net loss of \$602,996 compared to a net loss of \$289,042 for the three months ended June 30, 2025 ("Q3/2025"), an increase in loss of \$313,954. The increase in loss was primarily due to:

- (i) a \$463,366 increase in in general and administrative expenses, from \$225,453 in Q3/2025 to \$688,819 in Q3/2026;
- (ii) partially offset by an \$34,331 increase in interest income from \$15,640 in Q3/2025 to \$49,971 in Q3/2026 due to higher levels of cash held from the Company's financing completed in Q1/2026 and other income of \$15,369 in Q3/2026 compared to \$nil in Q3/2025; and
- (iii) the recognition of a foreign exchange gain of \$20,483 in Q3/2026 compared to a foreign exchange loss of \$79,229 in Q3/2025, resulting in a fluctuation of \$99,712;

Nine Months Ended June 30, 2026 Compared to Nine Months Ended June 30, 2025

During the nine months ended June 30, 2026 (the "2026 period") the Company reported a net loss of \$2,051,343 compared to a net loss of \$889,572 for the nine months ended June 30, 2025 (the "2025 period"), an increase in loss of \$1,161,771. The increase in loss was primarily due to:

- (a) the recognition of a foreign exchange gain of \$32,033 in the 2025 period compared to a foreign exchange loss of \$17,574 in the 2026 period, resulting in a fluctuation of \$49,607;
- (b) the impairment provision of \$30,096 in the 2026 period for costs capitalized for minor mining concessions in Peru;

- (c) a \$1,290,629 increase in general and administrative expenses, from \$986,725 during the 2025 period to \$2,277,354 during the 2026 period. Significant variances in general and administrative expenses are listed below. During the 2026 period the Company:
- (i) recognized \$772,793 (2025 - \$nil) for share-based compensation on the granting and vesting of share options;
 - (ii) expensed \$503,297 (2025 - \$197,835) for director and officer compensation, reflecting the increase in directors and key management. In addition, during the 2025 period certain directors and officers had agreed to suspend or reduce their compensation. See also “Transactions with Related Parties”;
 - (iii) incurred \$85,010 (2025 - \$112,269) for accounting and administration services, of which \$45,500 (2025 - \$44,450) were provided by Chase Management Ltd. (“Chase”), a private corporation owned by Mr. DeMare, a director of the Company and \$39,510 (2025 - \$67,819) by a third party accounting firm for ongoing accounting for its subsidiaries;
 - (iv) the Company engaged ICP Securities Inc. (“ICP”) and Oak Hill Financial Inc. (“Oak Hill”) to provide investor relation services to the Company. During the 2026 period the Company paid a total of \$67,500 to ICP and \$60,000 to Oak Hill for these services;
 - (v) incurred \$55,546 (2025 - \$115,525) for ongoing legal fees arising from vat rebate submissions and various legal opinions; and
 - (vi) incurred \$145,376 (2025 - \$73,987) for corporate development. The Company increased its marketing and social awareness campaigns during the 2026 period.
- (d) partially offset by a \$154,636 increase in interest income from \$65,120 in the 2025 period to \$219,756 in the 2026 period due to higher levels of cash held from the Company’s financing completed in Q1/2026 and other income of \$53,925 in the 2026 period compared to \$nil in the 2025 period

Exploration and Evaluation Assets

The carrying costs of the Company’s exploration and evaluation assets are as follows:

	As at June 30, 2026			As at September 30, 2025		
	Acquisition Costs \$	Deferred Exploration Costs \$	Total \$	Acquisition Costs \$	Deferred Exploration Costs \$	Total \$
Ayawilca	2,635,007	69,327,342	71,962,349	2,635,007	67,747,717	70,382,724
Silvia	546,525	2,135,383	2,681,908	546,525	502,146	1,048,671
Other	-	3,965,885	3,965,885	24,977	3,844,793	3,869,770
	<u>3,181,532</u>	<u>75,428,610</u>	<u>78,610,142</u>	<u>3,206,509</u>	<u>72,094,656</u>	<u>75,301,165</u>

Exploration and evaluation activities incurred during the 2026 period are as follows:

	Ayawilca \$	Silvia \$	Other \$	Total \$
Balance at September 30, 2025	<u>70,382,724</u>	<u>1,048,671</u>	<u>3,869,770</u>	<u>75,301,165</u>
Exploration costs				
Camp costs	402,375	408,057	-	810,432
Community relations	790,610	485,927	-	1,276,537
Depreciation	5,545	1,285	-	6,830
Drilling	-	369,135	-	369,135
Environmental	27,220	66,268	-	93,488
Geological	310,152	183,234	-	493,386
Geophysics	-	33,204	-	33,204
Health and safety	32,387	86,127	-	118,514
Software and database management	11,336	-	-	11,336
VAT incurred	-	-	202,045	202,045
VAT recovered	-	-	(75,834)	(75,834)
	<u>1,579,625</u>	<u>1,633,237</u>	<u>126,211</u>	<u>3,339,073</u>

	Ayawilca \$	Silvia \$	Other \$	Total \$
Impairment	-	-	(30,096)	(30,096)
Balance at June 30, 2026	<u>71,962,349</u>	<u>2,681,908</u>	<u>3,965,885</u>	<u>78,610,142</u>

During the 2026 period the Company incurred a total of \$3,339,073 (2025 - \$1,833,093) for exploration expenditures and acquisition costs, comprising \$1,579,625 (2025 - \$1,724,677) on the Ayawilca Project, \$1,633,237 (2025 - \$108,416) on the Silvia Project. In addition, the Company recorded \$126,211 (2025 - recovered \$397,211) for VAT tax in Peru. As at June 30, 2026 the Company has a VAT balance of \$3,965,885 (September 30, 2025 - \$3,839,674). The Company also recorded an impairment of \$30,096 for costs capitalized on two mining concessions in the Department of Huancavelcia, Peru. See also “Exploration Projects, Peru”.

Financings

2026 Period

On October 3, 2025 the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 51,918,181 units at \$0.275 per unit, for total proceeds of \$14,277,500. Each unit comprised one common share and one-half of a share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to purchase an additional common share at a price of \$0.40 per share on or before October 3, 2028.

2025 Period

On December 17, 2024 the Company completed a non-brokered private placement financing of 3,478,592 units at \$0.50 per unit, for total proceeds of \$1,739,296. Each unit comprises one common share and one-half common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.75 per share expiring June 17, 2026.

Financial Condition / Capital Resources

As at June 30, 2026 the Company had working capital in the amount of \$9,503,121. To date the Company has not earned any revenue and is considered to be in the exploration stage. The Company’s operations are funded from equity financings which are dependent upon many external factors and may be difficult to impossible to secure or raise when required. Management considers that the Company has adequate resources to maintain its core operations and conduct planned exploration of its existing exploration and evaluation assets for the next twelve months. However, the Company recognizes that exploration expenditures may change with ongoing results and, as a result, it may be required to obtain additional financing. While the Company has been successful in securing financings in the past there can be no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Proposed Transactions

The Company has no proposed transactions.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Examples of significant estimates made by management include estimating the fair values of financial instruments, valuation allowances for deferred income tax assets and assumptions used for share-based compensation. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

A detailed summary of all the Company's significant critical accounting estimates is included in Note 3 to the September 30, 2025 annual consolidated financial statements.

Changes in Accounting Policies

There are no changes in accounting policies. A detailed summary of all the Company's significant accounting policies is included in Note 3 to the September 30, 2025 annual consolidated financial statements.

Transactions with Related Parties

Certain directors, officers, or their related parties, hold positions in other entities that result in them having control or significant influence over the financial or operating policies of those entities. Certain of these entities transacted with the Company during the reporting period. Transactions made with related parties are made in the normal course of business and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

(a) *Transactions with Key Management Personnel*

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consists of the Company's Chairman (Mr. MacDonald), CEO (Dr. Carman) and CFO (Mr. DeMare). During the 2026 and 2025 period the following amounts were incurred with respect to the Company's key management personnel.

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Mr. MacDonald ⁽¹⁾	112,500	-
Dr. Carman	232,497	142,085
Mr. DeMare	31,500	22,500
	<u>376,497</u>	<u>164,585</u>

(1) Mr. MacDonald was appointed a Director of the Company on September 5, 2025 and the Executive Chairman on October 3, 2025.

During the 2026 period the Company incurred \$376,497 (2025 - \$164,585) compensation with respect to the Company's key management personnel.

During the 2026 period the Company also recorded \$404,591 (2025 -\$nil) share-based compensation relating to the vesting of share options previously granted to key management personnel.

The Company has management agreements with certain of its key management personnel which provides that in the event their services are terminated without cause or upon a change of control of the Company, termination payments are payable. If the terminations had occurred on June 30, 2026 the amounts payable under the agreements would total approximately \$1,132,992.

(b) *Transactions with Other Related Parties*

(i) During the 2026 and 2025 period the following amounts were incurred for professional services provided by current and former executive directors of the Company and the former and current Corporate Secretary of the Company:

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Professional fees - Dr. McKeown	22,500	-
Professional fees - Ms. Little	22,500	-
Professional fees - Mr. Benavides	22,500	-
Professional fees - Mr. Horner ⁽¹⁾	22,500	-

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Professional fees - Mr. Belther	-	-
Professional fees - Mr. Britz ⁽²⁾	-	-
Professional fees - Ms. Lee ⁽³⁾	26,800	-
Professional fees - Ms. Bermudez ⁽³⁾	10,000	33,250
	<u>126,800</u>	<u>33,250</u>

(1) Mr. Horner was appointed as a director on September 5, 2025

(2) Mr. Britz resigned as a director on March 11, 2025

(3) Ms. Bermudez resigned as Corporate Secretary on November 30, 2025 and Ms. Lee was appointed December 1, 2025

As at June 30, 2026 \$31,750 (September 30, 2025 - \$nil) remained unpaid

During the 2026 period the Company also recorded \$236,120 (2025 -\$nil) share-based compensation relating to the vesting of share options granted or previously granted to non-executive directors and the corporate secretary of the Company.

- (ii) During the 2026 period the Company incurred a total of \$45,500 (2025 - \$44,450) with Chase, a private corporation owned by Mr. DeMare, for accounting and administrative services provided by Chase personnel and \$3,015 (2025 - \$3,015) for rent. As at June 30, 2026 \$670 (September 30, 2025 - \$4,505) remained unpaid.

During the 2026 period the Company also recorded \$20,343 (2025 -\$nil) share-based compensation relating to the vesting of share options previously granted to Chase.

- (c) During the 2026 period current and former directors and officers of the Company purchased a total of 2,540,909 (2025 - 340,000) units of the private placement for \$693,250 (2025 -\$170,000).

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company competes with other mining companies, some of which have greater financial resources and technical facilities, for the acquisition of mineral concessions, claims and other interests, as well as for the recruitment and retention of qualified employees.

The Company is in compliance with all material regulations applicable to its exploration activities. Existing and possible future environmental legislation, regulations and actions could cause additional expense, capital expenditures, restrictions and delays in the activities of the Company, the extent of which cannot be predicted. Before production can commence on any properties, the Company must obtain regulatory and environmental approvals. There is no assurance that such approvals can be obtained on a timely basis or at all. The cost of compliance with changes in governmental regulations has the potential to reduce the profitability of operations.

The Company's mineral properties are located in Peru and consequently the Company is subject to certain risks, including currency fluctuations and possible political or economic instability which may result in the impairment or loss of mining title or other mineral rights, and mineral exploration and mining activities may be affected in varying degrees by political stability and governmental regulations relating to the mining industry.

Outstanding Share Data

The Company's authorized share capital is unlimited common shares with no par value. As at August 27, 2026, there were 133,772,553 issued common shares, 25,844,091 warrants outstanding, at an exercise price of \$0.40 per share and 7,550,000 share options outstanding, at exercise prices ranging from \$0.40 to \$0.45 per share.